#### MITIGATING EARTHQUAKE VULNERABILITY OF MIXED URM-RC BUILDINGS AT THE URBAN SCALE

#### Numerical analysis of representative intervened URM-RC buildings

Gonçalo Correia Lopes (2<sup>nd</sup> year, U. Aveiro)

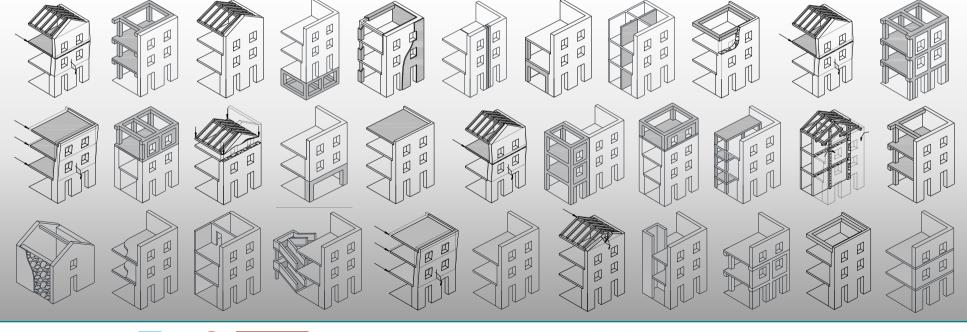
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U. PORTO

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universidade de aveiro



ANALYSIS AND MITIGATION OF RISKS IN INFRASTRUCTURES | INFRARISK-

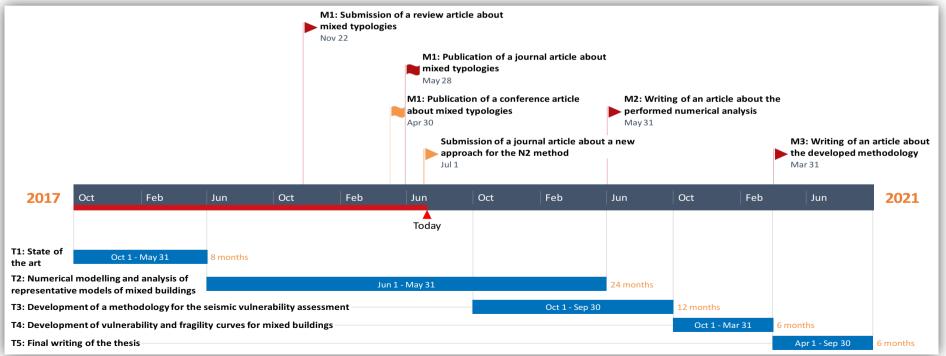
#### **Presentation summary**

- Thesis timeline and publications
- Part 1 A BIM-based methodology for the seismic performance assessment of existing mixed URM-RC building typologies: a case study
- Part 2 Ongoing tasks and upcoming tasks

#### **Thesis timeline**



#### Updated timeline



#### Thesis timeline and publications

T1: State of

the art

Oct 1 - May 31

T3: Development of a methodology for the seismic vulnerability assessment

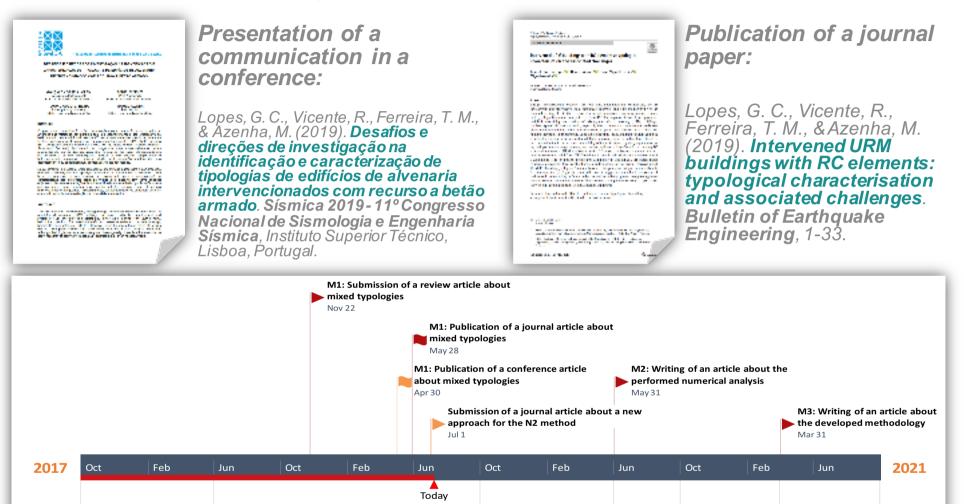
T4: Development of vulnerability and fragility curves for mixed buildings

T2: Numerical modelling and analysis of

T5: Final writing of the thesis

representative models of mixed buildings

8 months



24 months

Oct 1 - Mar 31

Apr 1 - Sep 30

Oct 1 - Sep 30

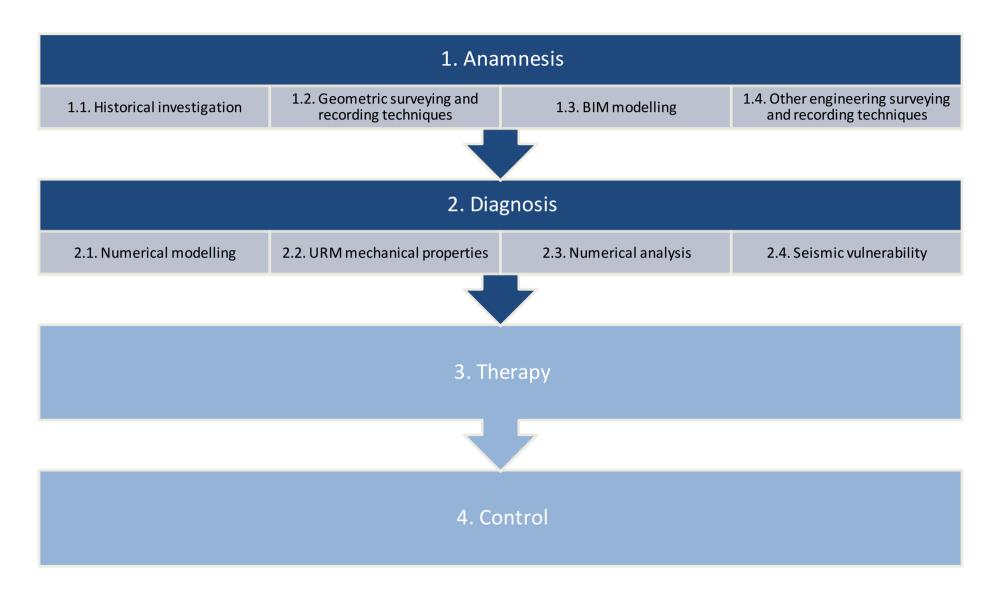
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Jun 1 - May 31

## Part 1

## A BIM-based methodology for the seismic performance assessment of existing mixed URM-RC building typologies

- Anamnesis
  - historical investigation
  - laser scanning
  - BIM modelling
- Diagnosis
  - numerical modelling
  - modal analysis
  - numerical analysis
  - seismic vulnerability assessment



#### 1.1. Historical investigation

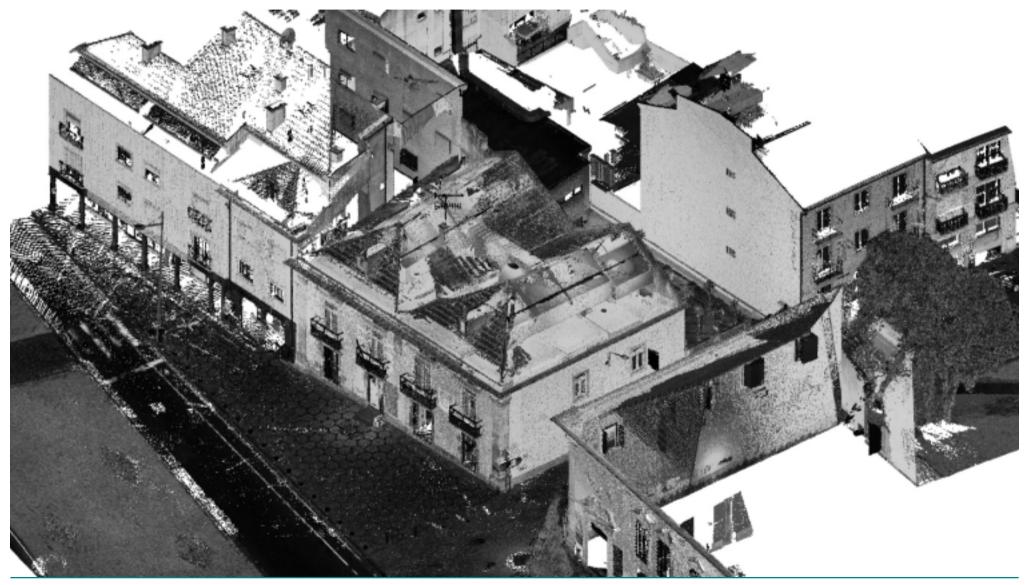


- Residential palace from the 18th century located in the city of Aveiro, Portugal;
  - Main walls made with uncut and fragmented limestone masonry (550-720 mm);
  - Partition walls made with lathwork and plaster ('tabique') (140-230 mm);
- Timber floors (230 mm);
  Rehabilitation intervention in 1979 consisted in the addition of RC screed in some areas of the first floor and the replacement of a partition wall by a steel frame at the ground floor level.

1.2. Geometric surveying with 3D laser scanning



1.2. Geometric surveying with 3D laser scanning



1.3. BIM modelling





1.3. BIM modelling

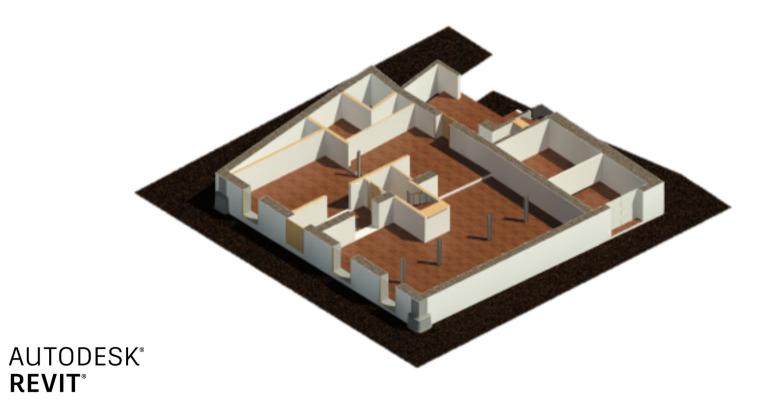
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1.3. BIM modelling

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1.3. BIM modelling

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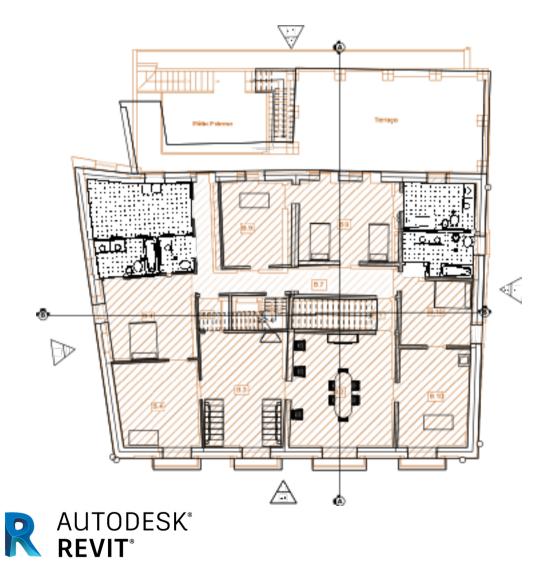




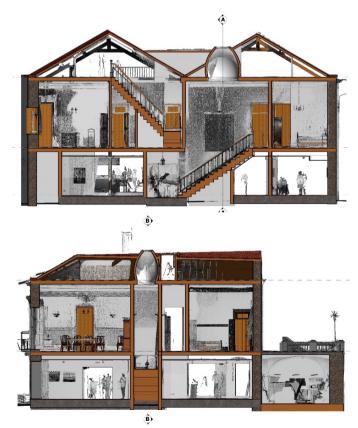










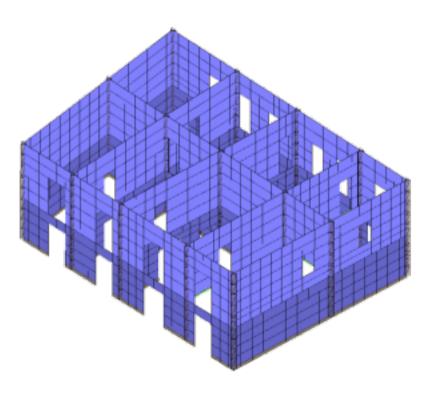


2.1. Numerical modelling

R



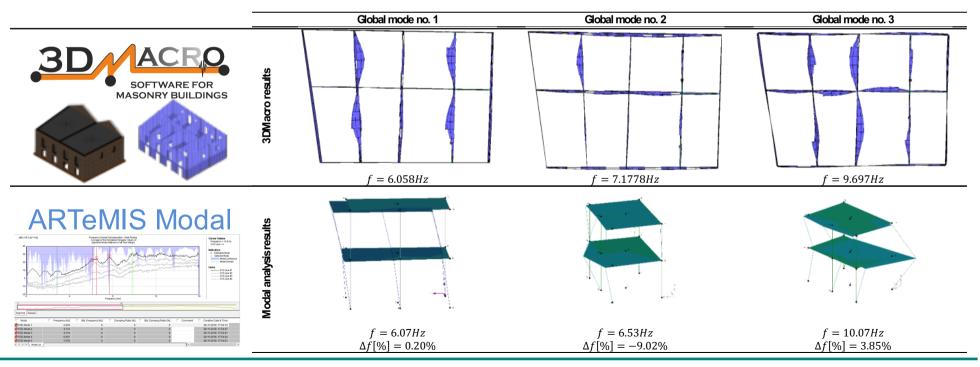
2.1. Numerical modelling



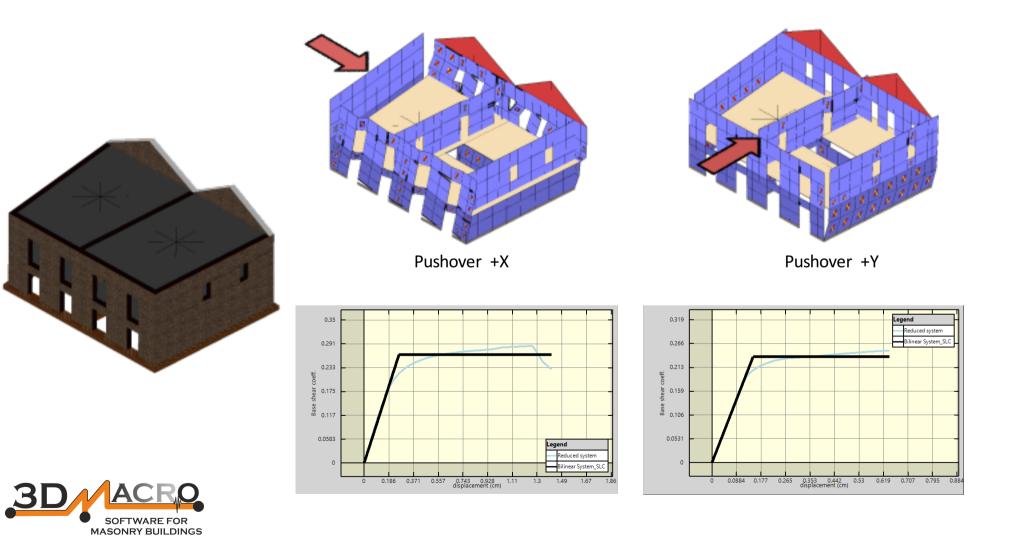


2.2. Modal analysis: calibration of URM mechanical properties



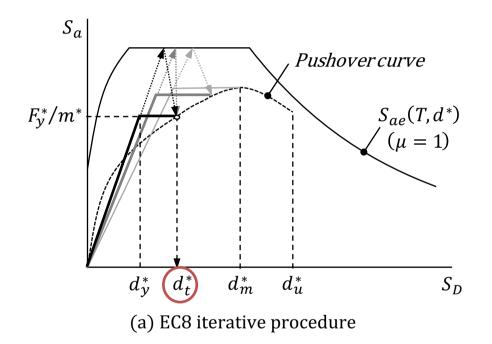


2.3. Numerical analysis: non-linear static (pushover) analysis



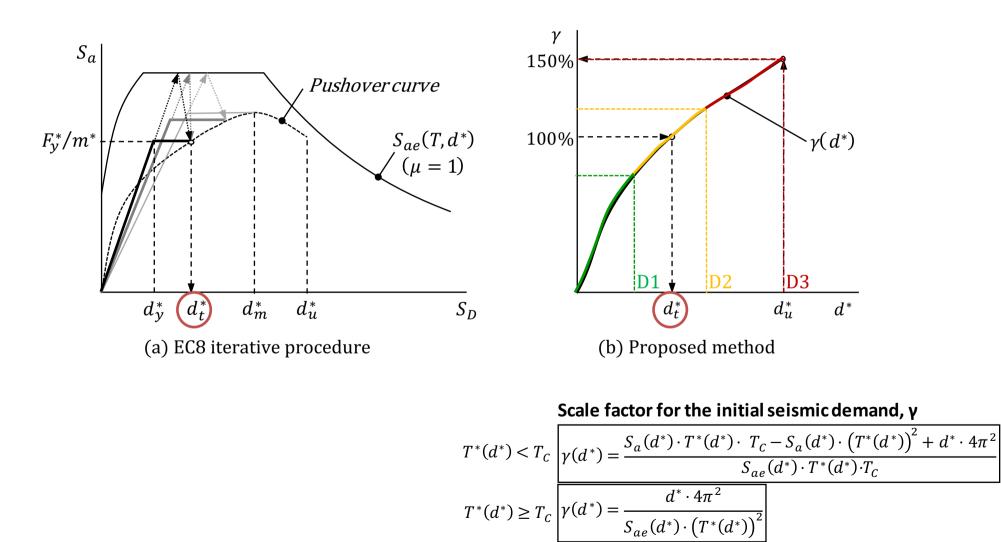
#### The N2 method revisited

Proposal of a new displacement-based method to determine the target displacement (and for the seismic performance evaluation and vulnerability assessment of buildings)

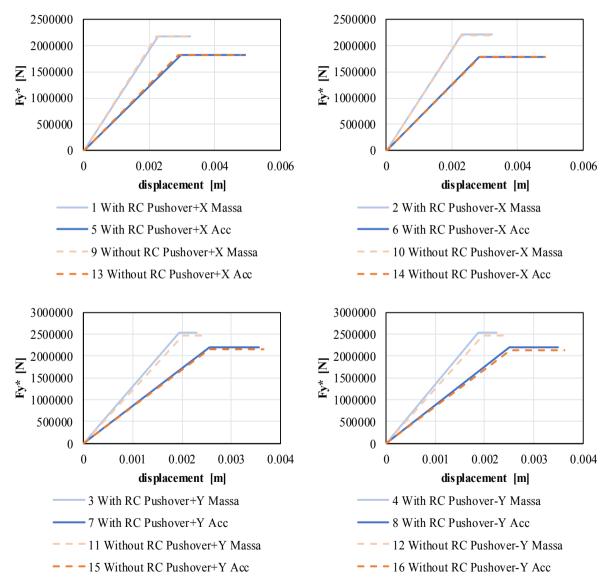


#### The N2 method revisited

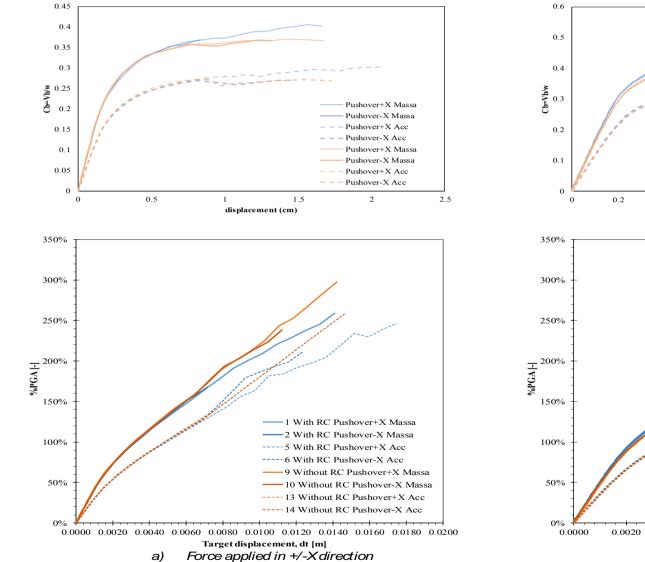
Proposal of a new displacement-based method to determine the target displacement (and for the seismic performance evaluation and vulnerability assessment of buildings)



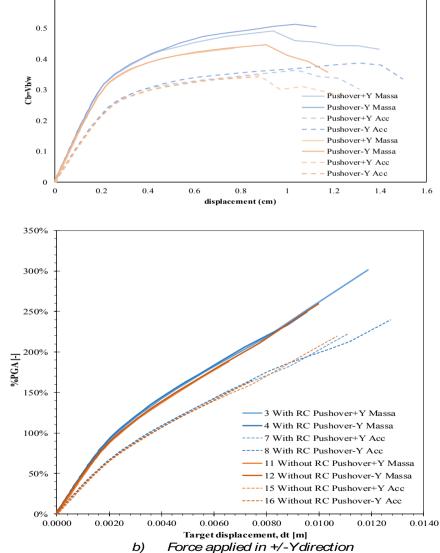
#### 2.4. Seismic vulnerability



	Capacity	Stiffness	Ductility
Pushover+X Massa	0.043%	-2 <mark>.4</mark> 57%	0.151%
Pushover+X Acc	0.051%	- <mark>3.1</mark> 85%	-0.260%
Pushover-X Massa	0.531%	0.607%	-0.069%
Pushover-X Acc	0.038%	0.982%	0.601%
Pushover+Y Massa	2.2 <mark>4</mark> 2%	6.0 <mark>41%</mark>	-2 <mark>.4</mark> 34%
Pushover+Y Acc	2.4 <mark>60</mark> %	2. <b>742</b> %	-2 <mark>.2</mark> 63%
Pushover-Y Massa	2.0 <mark>5</mark> 9%	6.4 <mark>87%</mark>	-2 <mark>.</mark> 25%
Pushover-Y Acc	3.0 <mark>46</mark> %	3.5 <mark>39</mark> %	- <mark>2.9</mark> 09%







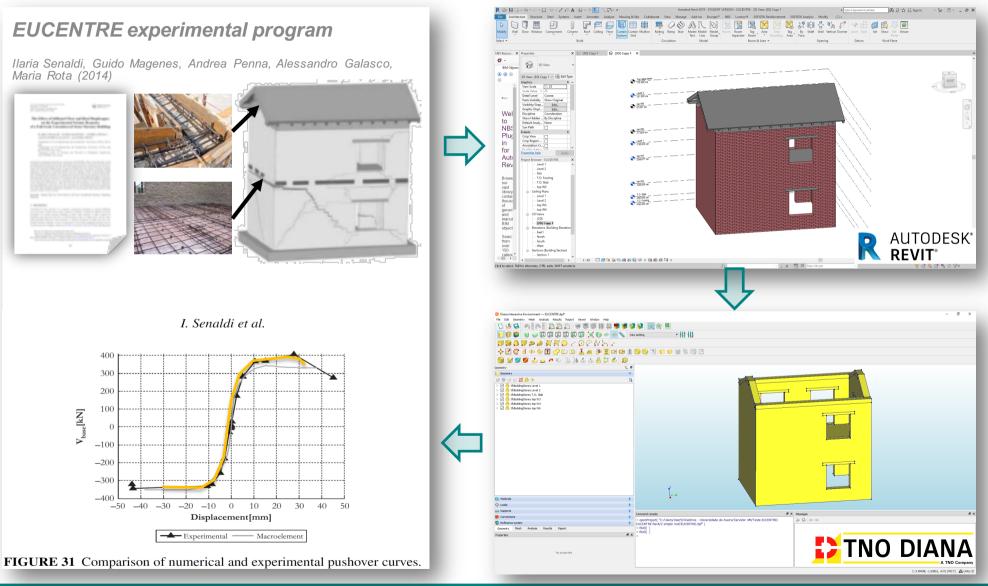
## Part 2 Ongoing tasks and upcoming tasks

Numerical calibration and validation

Numerical analysis of representative intervened URM-RC buildings

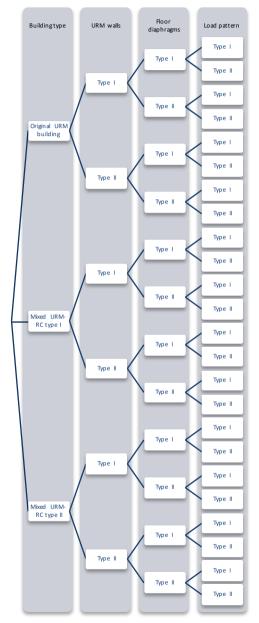
#### Numerical analysis of representative intervened URM-RC buildings

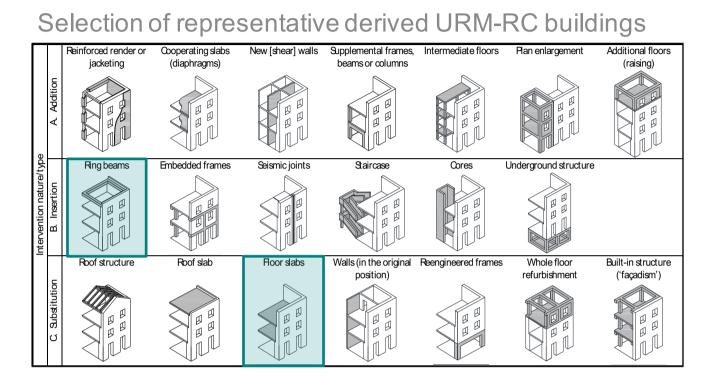
Numerical calibration and validation



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## Logic-tree with the definition of the possible building models





Variations (epistemic uncertainties):

- Building type (original and mixed URM-RC)
- Masonry quality
- Rigidity of floor diaphragms
- RC quality
- Load pattern

# Thank you for your attention!

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# Thesis title: Mitigating earthquake vulnerability of mixed URM-RC buildings at the urban scale

Acknowledgements are due to the PhD grant PD/BD/135201/2017 provided by Foundation for Science and Technology (FCT), within the scope of the Doctoral Programme InfraRisk- (Analysis and Mitigation of Risks in Infrastructures) and to University of Aveiro, FCT/MEC for the financial support to the research Unit RISCO – Aveiro Research Centre of Risks and Sustainability in Construction – (FCT/UID/ECI/04450/2013)