

A generalização para o caso 2D:

Seja

$$\left. \begin{cases} x = f(\xi, \eta) \\ y = g(\xi, \eta) \end{cases} \right\} \text{No caso do M.E.F.}$$

$$f(\xi, \eta) = \sum_{i=1}^n \psi_i(\xi, \eta) x_i$$

$$g(\xi, \eta) = \sum_{i=1}^n \psi_i(\xi, \eta) y_i$$

$n \equiv n^\circ$  de nós do elemento

Supor que as funções  $\begin{cases} \xi = r(x, y) \\ \eta = s(x, y) \end{cases}$  existem. Como avaliar  $\frac{\partial r}{\partial x}, \frac{\partial r}{\partial y}, \frac{\partial s}{\partial x}$  e  $\frac{\partial s}{\partial y}$ ?

Então

$$\begin{cases} x - f(r(x, y), s(x, y)) = 0 \\ y - g(r(x, y), s(x, y)) = 0 \end{cases}$$

Logo

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(x-f) = 0 \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x}(y-g) = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 1 - \frac{\partial f}{\partial r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} = 0 \\ 0 - \frac{\partial g}{\partial r} \frac{\partial r}{\partial x} - \frac{\partial g}{\partial s} \frac{\partial s}{\partial x} = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} f_{,r} & f_{,s} \\ g_{,r} & g_{,s} \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{J}} \begin{bmatrix} r_{,x} \\ s_{,x} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} r_{,x} \\ s_{,x} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} f_{,r} & f_{,s} \\ g_{,r} & g_{,s} \end{bmatrix}^{-1}}_{\underline{J}^{-1}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

1ª coluna de  $\underline{J}^{-1}$

De igual modo

$$\begin{cases} \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(x-f) = 0 \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial y}(y-g) = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} f_{,r} & f_{,s} \\ g_{,r} & g_{,s} \end{bmatrix}}_{\underline{J}} \begin{bmatrix} r_{,y} \\ s_{,y} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} r_{,y} \\ s_{,y} \end{bmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} f_{,r} & f_{,s} \\ g_{,r} & g_{,s} \end{bmatrix}^{-1}}_{\underline{J}^{-1}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2ª coluna de  $\underline{J}^{-1}$

sendo

$$\underline{J}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} f_{,r} & f_{,s} \\ g_{,r} & g_{,s} \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{f_{,r} g_{,s} - f_{,s} g_{,r}} \begin{bmatrix} g_{,s} & -f_{,s} \\ -g_{,r} & f_{,r} \end{bmatrix}$$

Nota:

$$\underline{J} = \begin{bmatrix} f_{,r} & f_{,s} \\ g_{,r} & g_{,s} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \\ \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \end{bmatrix}$$

então, voltando à notação inicial,

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial y} \\ \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi}} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} & -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \\ -\frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \end{bmatrix}$$

Estas derivadas só dependem da transformação  $x = f(\xi, \eta)$  e  $y = g(\xi, \eta)$

Ansim,

$$\frac{\partial \omega(\xi, \eta)}{\partial x} = \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x}$$

$$\frac{\partial \omega(\xi, \eta)}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial y}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \eta} \end{pmatrix} \quad (1)$$

estas derivadas parciais foram avaliadas na página anterior

Alternativa:

Sabemos também que

$$\frac{\partial \omega(\overset{x}{f(\xi, \eta)}, \overset{y}{g(\xi, \eta)})}{\partial \xi} = \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial f} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \xi} + \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial g} \frac{\partial g}{\partial \xi}$$

$$\frac{\partial \omega(\overset{x}{f(\xi, \eta)}, \overset{y}{g(\xi, \eta)})}{\partial \eta} = \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial f} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \eta} + \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial g} \frac{\partial g}{\partial \eta}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \eta} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial f}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial g}{\partial \eta} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial f} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial g} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} = \underbrace{\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \end{pmatrix}}_{\underline{J}^{-T}} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \eta} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

Comparando (1) e (2), temos

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} \\ \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial y} \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{|\underline{J}|} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} & -\frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \\ -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \end{pmatrix}$$

Note-se que a disposição dos elementos não diagonais é diferente

Seja  $\begin{cases} x = f(\xi, \eta) \\ y = g(\xi, \eta) \end{cases}$  as equações que definem implicitamente  $\begin{cases} \xi = r(x, y) \\ \eta = s(x, y) \end{cases}$

Como avaliar  $\frac{\partial^2 r}{\partial x^2}$ ,  $\frac{\partial^2 r}{\partial x \partial y}$ ,  $\frac{\partial^2 r}{\partial y^2}$ ,  $\frac{\partial^2 s}{\partial x^2}$ ,  $\frac{\partial^2 s}{\partial x \partial y}$  e  $\frac{\partial^2 s}{\partial y^2}$ ?

$$x - f(r(x, y), s(x, y)) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} (x - f) = 0 \Leftrightarrow - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (f_{1r} r_{,x} + f_{1s} s_{,x}) = 0 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow - \left( \frac{\partial f_{1r}}{\partial x} r_{,x} + f_{1r} \frac{\partial r_{,x}}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f_{1s}}{\partial x} s_{,x} + f_{1s} \frac{\partial s_{,x}}{\partial x} \right) = 0 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow - \left( (f_{11r} r_{,x} + f_{11s} s_{,x}) r_{,x} + (f_{12r} r_{,x} + f_{12s} s_{,x}) s_{,x} + f_{1r} r_{,xx} + f_{1s} s_{,xx} \right) = 0$$

$$\Leftrightarrow f_{11r} (r_{,x})^2 + 2 f_{11s} s_{,x} r_{,x} + f_{11s} (s_{,x})^2 + f_{1r} r_{,xx} + f_{1s} s_{,xx} = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$y - g(r(x, y), s(x, y)) = 0 \Leftrightarrow \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x^2} (y - g) = 0 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow g_{11r} (r_{,x})^2 + 2 g_{11s} s_{,x} r_{,x} + g_{11s} (s_{,x})^2 + g_{1r} r_{,xx} + g_{1s} s_{,xx} = 0 \quad (2)$$

De (1) e (2) vem

$$\begin{bmatrix} f_{1r} & f_{1s} \\ g_{1r} & g_{1s} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} r_{,xx} \\ s_{,xx} \end{Bmatrix} = - \begin{Bmatrix} f_{11r} (r_{,x})^2 + 2 f_{11s} s_{,x} r_{,x} + f_{11s} (s_{,x})^2 \\ g_{11r} (r_{,x})^2 + 2 g_{11s} s_{,x} r_{,x} + g_{11s} (s_{,x})^2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

$r_{,x}$  e  $s_{,x}$  já foram identificados anteriormente.

Assim,

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \xi_{,xx} \\ \eta_{,xx} \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\begin{vmatrix} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \\ \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} & \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \end{vmatrix}^2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} & -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \\ -\frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} - \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi^2} \left( \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \right)^2 - 2 \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \left( \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \right) - \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \eta^2} \left( \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \right)^2 \\ - \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi^2} \left( \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \right)^2 - 2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \left( \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \right) - \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \eta^2} \left( \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \right)^2 \end{Bmatrix}$$

De igual modo:

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} (x-f) = 0 \Leftrightarrow -\frac{\partial}{\partial y} (f_{,r} r_{,y} + f_{,s} s_{,y}) = 0 \Leftrightarrow f_{,rr} (r_{,y})^2 + 2f_{,rs} s_{,y} r_{,y} + f_{,ss} (s_{,y})^2 + f_{,r} r_{,yy} + f_{,s} s_{,yy} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial y^2} (y-g) = 0 \Leftrightarrow -\frac{\partial}{\partial y} (g_{,r} r_{,y} + g_{,s} s_{,y}) = 0 \Leftrightarrow g_{,rr} (r_{,y})^2 + 2g_{,rs} s_{,y} r_{,y} + g_{,ss} (s_{,y})^2 + g_{,r} r_{,yy} + g_{,s} s_{,yy} = 0$$

Assim

$$\begin{bmatrix} f_{,r} & f_{,s} \\ g_{,r} & g_{,s} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r_{,yy} \\ s_{,yy} \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} f_{,rr} (r_{,y})^2 + 2f_{,rs} s_{,y} r_{,y} + f_{,ss} (s_{,y})^2 \\ g_{,rr} (r_{,y})^2 + 2g_{,rs} s_{,y} r_{,y} + g_{,ss} (s_{,y})^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Então,

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 \xi}{\partial y^2} \\ \frac{\partial^2 \eta}{\partial y^2} \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\left( \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \right)^2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} & -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \\ -\frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi^2} \left( -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \right)^2 - 2 \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \left( -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \right) - \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \eta^2} \left( \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \right)^2 \\ -\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi^2} \left( -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \right)^2 - 2 \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \left( -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \right) - \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \eta^2} \left( \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \right)^2 \end{bmatrix}$$

Por outro lado,

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial y} (x-f) = 0 \Leftrightarrow -\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (f_{,r} r_{,y} + f_{,s} s_{,y}) = 0 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (f_{,rr} r_{,x} + f_{,rs} s_{,x}) r_{,y} + (f_{,rs} r_{,x} + f_{,ss} s_{,x}) s_{,y} + f_{,r} r_{,xy} + f_{,s} s_{,xy} = 0$$

$$\frac{\partial^2}{\partial x \partial y} (y-g) = 0 \Leftrightarrow -\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (g_{,r} r_{,y} + g_{,s} s_{,y}) = 0 \Leftrightarrow$$

$$\Leftrightarrow (g_{,rr} r_{,x} + g_{,rs} s_{,x}) r_{,y} + (g_{,rs} r_{,x} + g_{,ss} s_{,x}) s_{,y} + g_{,r} r_{,xy} + g_{,s} s_{,xy} = 0$$

Assim

$$\begin{bmatrix} f_{,r} & f_{,s} \\ g_{,r} & g_{,s} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} r_{,xy} \\ s_{,xy} \end{bmatrix} = - \begin{bmatrix} f_{,rr} r_{,x} r_{,y} + f_{,rs} (s_{,x} r_{,y} + r_{,x} s_{,y}) + f_{,ss} s_{,x} s_{,y} \\ g_{,rr} r_{,x} r_{,y} + g_{,rs} (s_{,x} r_{,y} + r_{,x} s_{,y}) + g_{,ss} s_{,x} s_{,y} \end{bmatrix}$$

Logo

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 \xi}{\partial x \partial y} \\ \frac{\partial^2 \eta}{\partial x \partial y} \end{Bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\left( \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} - \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \right)^2} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} & -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \\ -\frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} & \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} -\frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi^2} \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \left( -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \right) - \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \left( \left( -\frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \right) \left( -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \right) + \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \right) + \dots \\ -\frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi^2} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \left( -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \right) - \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \left( \left( -\frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \right) \left( -\frac{\partial x}{\partial \eta} \right) + \frac{\partial y}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \right) - \dots \\ \dots - \frac{\partial^2 x}{\partial \eta^2} \left( -\frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \right) \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \\ \dots - \frac{\partial^2 y}{\partial \eta^2} \left( -\frac{\partial y}{\partial \xi} \right) \frac{\partial x}{\partial \xi} \end{Bmatrix}$$

Assim,

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial x^2} &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial x} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} \right) = \left( \frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial \xi^2} \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} \right) \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} + \left( \frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial \eta^2} \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} \right) \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} + \dots \\ &= \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial^2 \xi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial^2 \eta}{\partial x^2} = \\ &= \frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial \xi^2} \left( \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} \right)^2 + 2 \frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial \xi \partial \eta} \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} \frac{\partial \xi}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial^2 \omega}{\partial \eta^2} \left( \frac{\partial \eta}{\partial x} \right)^2 + \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \xi} \frac{\partial^2 \xi}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial \omega}{\partial \eta} \frac{\partial^2 \eta}{\partial x^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{Bmatrix} \omega_{,\xi} \\ \omega_{,\eta} \\ \omega_{,\xi\xi} \\ \omega_{,\xi\eta} \\ \omega_{,\eta\eta} \end{Bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \xi_{,x} & \eta_{,x} & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \xi_{,y} & \eta_{,y} & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ \xi_{,xx} & \eta_{,xx} & (\xi_{,x})^2 & 2\xi_{,x}\eta_{,x} & (\eta_{,x})^2 \\ \xi_{,xy} & \eta_{,xy} & \xi_{,x}\xi_{,y} & \xi_{,x}\eta_{,y} + \xi_{,y}\eta_{,x} & \eta_{,x}\eta_{,y} \\ \xi_{,yy} & \eta_{,yy} & (\xi_{,y})^2 & 2\xi_{,y}\eta_{,y} & (\eta_{,y})^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} \omega_{,\xi} \\ \omega_{,\eta} \\ \omega_{,\xi\xi} \\ \omega_{,\xi\eta} \\ \omega_{,\eta\eta} \end{Bmatrix} \quad (1)$$

Alternativa:

Evidentemente,

$$\begin{pmatrix} w_{,5} \\ w_{,7} \\ w_{,55} \\ w_{,57} \\ w_{,77} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_{,5} & y_{,5} & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ x_{,7} & y_{,7} & \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ x_{,55} & y_{,55} & (x_{,5})^2 & 2x_{,5}y_{,5} & (y_{,5})^2 \\ x_{,57} & y_{,57} & x_{,7}x_{,5} & x_{,5}y_{,7} + x_{,7}y_{,5} & y_{,7}y_{,5} \\ x_{,77} & y_{,77} & (x_{,7})^2 & 2x_{,7}y_{,7} & (y_{,7})^2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} w_{,x} \\ w_{,y} \\ w_{,xx} \\ w_{,xy} \\ w_{,yy} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

Invertendo (2) e comparando com (1) obtêm-se os derivados requeridos.

$\omega, \xi$	$\omega, \eta$	$\omega, \zeta$	$\omega, \delta$	$\omega, \epsilon$	$\omega, \gamma$	$\omega, \delta$	$\omega, \zeta$	$\omega, \eta$	$\omega, \xi$	$\omega, \eta$	$\omega, \zeta$	$\omega, \delta$	$\omega, \epsilon$	$\omega, \gamma$	$\omega, \delta$	$\omega, \zeta$	$\omega, \eta$	$\omega, \xi$	
$\xi, xxx$	$\eta, xxx$	$3\xi, x \xi, xx + 3\xi, x \xi, xx + 3\xi, x \xi, xx$	$3\xi, x \eta, xx$	$(\xi, x)^3$	$3\eta, x \eta, xx$	$3\eta, x \xi, xx$	$3\eta, x \eta, xx$	$3\eta, x \xi, xx$	$3\eta, x \eta, xx$	$3\eta, x \xi, xx$	$3\eta, x \eta, xx$	$3\eta, x \xi, xx$	$3\eta, x \eta, xx$	$3\eta, x \xi, xx$	$3\eta, x \eta, xx$	$3\eta, x \xi, xx$	$3\eta, x \eta, xx$	$3\eta, x \xi, xx$	$3\eta, x \eta, xx$
$\xi, xxy$	$\eta, xxy$	$2\xi, x \xi, xy + 2\xi, x \xi, xy + 2\xi, x \xi, xy$	$2\eta, x \eta, xy + \eta, y \eta, xx$	$2\xi, y \eta, x \xi + (\xi, y)^2 \xi, x$	$2\eta, x \eta, xy + \eta, y \eta, xx$	$2\eta, x \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, x \eta, xy + \eta, y \eta, xx$	$2\eta, x \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, x \eta, xy + \eta, y \eta, xx$	$2\eta, x \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, x \eta, xy + \eta, y \eta, xx$	$2\eta, x \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, x \eta, xy + \eta, y \eta, xx$	$2\eta, x \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, x \eta, xy + \eta, y \eta, xx$	$2\eta, x \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, x \eta, xy + \eta, y \eta, xx$	$2\eta, x \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, x \eta, xy + \eta, y \eta, xx$
$\xi, xyy$	$\eta, xyy$	$2\xi, y \xi, xy + 2\xi, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, y \eta, xy + 2\eta, y \eta, xy$	$2\eta, y \xi, xy + (\xi, y)^2 \eta, x$	$2\eta, y \eta, xy + 2\eta, y \eta, xy$	$2\eta, y \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, y \eta, xy + 2\eta, y \eta, xy$	$2\eta, y \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, y \eta, xy + 2\eta, y \eta, xy$	$2\eta, y \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, y \eta, xy + 2\eta, y \eta, xy$	$2\eta, y \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, y \eta, xy + 2\eta, y \eta, xy$	$2\eta, y \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, y \eta, xy + 2\eta, y \eta, xy$	$2\eta, y \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, y \eta, xy + 2\eta, y \eta, xy$	$2\eta, y \xi, xy + 2\eta, y \xi, xy$	$2\eta, y \eta, xy + 2\eta, y \eta, xy$
$\xi, yyy$	$\eta, yyy$	$3\xi, y \xi, yy$	$3\eta, y \eta, yy$	$3\xi, y (\xi, y)^2$	$3\eta, y \eta, yy$	$3\eta, y \xi, yy$	$3\eta, y \eta, yy$	$3\eta, y \xi, yy$	$3\eta, y \eta, yy$	$3\eta, y \xi, yy$	$3\eta, y \eta, yy$	$3\eta, y \xi, yy$	$3\eta, y \eta, yy$	$3\eta, y \xi, yy$	$3\eta, y \eta, yy$	$3\eta, y \xi, yy$	$3\eta, y \eta, yy$	$3\eta, y \xi, yy$	$3\eta, y \eta, yy$

$\omega_{1, \xi}$	$\omega_{1, \eta}$	$\omega_{1, \xi \xi}$	$\omega_{1, \xi \eta}$	$\omega_{1, \eta \eta}$	$\omega_{1, \xi \xi \xi}$	$\omega_{1, \xi \xi \eta}$	$\omega_{1, \xi \eta \eta}$	$\omega_{1, \eta \eta \eta}$	$\omega_{1, \xi \xi \xi \xi}$	$\omega_{1, \xi \xi \xi \eta}$	$\omega_{1, \xi \xi \eta \eta}$	$\omega_{1, \xi \eta \eta \eta}$	$\omega_{1, \eta \eta \eta \eta}$
$x, \xi \xi \xi$	$y, \eta \eta \eta$	$3x, \xi \xi \xi$	$3y, \eta \eta \eta$	$3y, \xi \xi \xi + 3x, \eta \eta \eta$	$3y, \xi \xi \xi + 3x, \eta \eta \eta$	$3y, \xi \xi \xi$	$3y, \eta \eta \eta$	$(y, \xi)^3$	$3x, \xi \xi (y, \xi)^2$	$3x, \eta \eta (y, \eta)^2$	$3x, \xi \eta (y, \xi)^2$	$3x, \eta \xi (y, \eta)^2$	$(y, \xi)^3$
$x, \xi \xi \eta$	$y, \xi \eta \eta$	$2x, \xi \xi \eta + x, \eta \xi \xi$	$2y, \xi \eta \eta + y, \eta \xi \eta$	$2y, \xi \xi \eta + 2x, \eta \eta \xi + y, \eta \xi \xi + x, \eta \xi \eta$	$2y, \xi \xi \eta + 2x, \eta \eta \xi + y, \eta \xi \xi + x, \eta \xi \eta$	$x, \eta (x, \xi)^2$	$y, \eta (y, \xi)^2 + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$2y, \eta (x, \xi)^2 + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$2y, \eta (x, \xi)^2 + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$2y, \eta (y, \xi)^2 + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$2y, \eta (y, \xi)^2 + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$
$x, \xi \eta \eta$	$y, \xi \eta \eta$	$x, \eta \eta \xi + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$y, \eta \eta \xi + 2y, \eta \xi \eta$	$y, \eta \eta \xi + 2x, \eta \eta \xi + 2y, \eta \xi \eta + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$y, \eta \eta \xi + x, \eta \eta \xi + 2y, \eta \xi \eta + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$(x, \eta)^2 x, \xi$	$2x, \eta \xi \eta + (x, \eta)^2 y, \xi$	$(x, \eta)^2 x, \xi + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$(y, \eta)^2 x, \xi + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$(y, \eta)^2 x, \xi + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$(y, \eta)^2 x, \xi + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$(y, \eta)^2 x, \xi + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$	$(y, \eta)^2 x, \xi + 2x, \eta \xi \eta$
$x, \eta \eta \eta$	$y, \eta \eta \eta$	$3x, \eta \eta \eta$	$3y, \eta \eta \eta$	$3y, \eta \eta \eta + 3x, \eta \eta \eta$	$3y, \eta \eta \eta + 3x, \eta \eta \eta$	$(x, \eta)^3$	$3y, \eta \eta \eta$	$3(x, \eta)^2 y, \eta$	$3x, \eta (y, \eta)^2$	$3x, \eta (y, \eta)^2$	$3x, \eta (y, \eta)^2$	$3x, \eta (y, \eta)^2$	$3x, \eta (y, \eta)^2$

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Como avaliar  $r_{,xxx}, r_{,xxy}, r_{,xyy}, r_{,yyy}, \Delta_{,xxx}, \Delta_{,xxy}, \Delta_{,xyy}$  e  $\Delta_{,yyy}$ ?

$$x-f=0 \Leftrightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial x^3}(x-f)=0$$

$$y-g=0 \Leftrightarrow \frac{\partial}{\partial x^3}(y-g)=0$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \left[ \begin{array}{c|c} f_{,r} & f_{,s} \\ \hline g_{,r} & g_{,s} \end{array} \right] \left[ \begin{array}{c} r_{,xxx} \\ \Delta_{,xxx} \end{array} \right] = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} f_{,sss} (\Delta_{,x})^3 + 3 f_{,rss} r_{,x} (\Delta_{,x})^2 + 3 f_{,rs} \Delta_{,x} r_{,xx} + 3 f_{,rr} r_{,x} r_{,xx} + \\ 3 f_{,iss} \Delta_{,x} \Delta_{,xx} + 3 f_{,irs} r_{,x} \Delta_{,xx} + 3 f_{,rrs} (r_{,x})^2 \Delta_{,x} + f_{,rrr} (r_{,x})^3 \end{array} \right\} \\ \text{(semelhante, mas } f \rightarrow g) \end{array} \right\}$$

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